System and District	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940
	h.p.	h.p.	h.p.	h.p.	h,p.
Niagara System. Dominion Power and Transmission Georgian Bay System. Eastern Ontario System. Thunder Bay System. Manitoulin District	1,006,166 54,021 26,555 117,969 133,914 138	1, 126, 675 57, 507 29, 310 129, 584 134, 678 137	1,259,115 46,515 30,891 159,249 131,394 205	$1,358,177 \\ 56,970 \\ 34,756 \\ 168,958 \\ 118,740 \\ 273$	1,375,335 50,134 42,217 154,207 97,855 330
Northern Ontario Properties Nipissing District Sudbury District Abitibi District Patricia District St. Joseph District Espanola District	4, 115 14, 021 146, 783 4, 182 1, 702 101	4, 812 14, 611 143, 432 5, 013 2, 708 Nil	4,857 17,895 172,409 5,697 2,989 Nil	5, 188 19, 740 188, 877 } 11, 792 Nil	5, 121 17, 208 197, 453 14, 209 Nil
Totals	1,509,667	1,648,467	1,831,216	1,963,471	1,954,069

13.—Distribution of Power to Systems of the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission, Years Ended Oct. 31, 1936-49

(20-minute peak horse-power-system, coincident peaks)

Statistics of Urban Municipal Electrical Utilities of Ontario Supplied by the Commission.—Statistics of the assets and liabilities of the electrical departments of urban municipalities served by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission show, for 1940, total assets of \$172,606,954, as compared with liabilities of \$26,923,638. Of the difference, \$81,517,897 was allotted as reserves, leaving a surplus of \$64,165,419. In computing the percentage of net debt to total assets, the equity in Hydro systems is not taken into account. Between 1933 and 1940 total assets increased by \$36,828,285 while total liabilities decreased by \$22,997,115.

Rural Electrical Service in Ontario.*—During the past few years substantial progress has been made in Ontario in the field of rural electrification, and the Commission's rural operations are now an important feature of its work. Towards this rural work the Ontario Government, pursuant to its policy of promoting agriculture the basic industry—contributes, in the form of 'grants-in-aid', 50 p.c. of the initial capital cost of distribution lines and equipment. In 1930 the Ontario Government passed legislation providing for advances up to \$1,000 to actual farm owners of lands and premises in rural power districts for the installation of electrical wiring and the purchase of equipment and providing for the fixing of low maximum service charges for all classes of rural service.

^{*} Legislation passed concerning rural power is as follows: The Power Commission Act (R.S.O., 1927, c. 57); The Rural Hydro-Electric Distribution Act (R.S.O., 1927, c. 59); The Rural Power District Loans Act, 1930 (20 Geo. V, c. 14); and The Rural District Service Charge Act, 1930 (20 Geo. V, c. 15).

14.—Electrical Service to Rural Power Districts Operated by the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission, Years Ended Oct. 31, 1936-40

Item	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940
Rural power district	174 380 73,614 10,808 42,897 3,000,750 2,891,007 109,743 20,674,674 10,232,099	177 388 86,194 13,117 50,758 3,087,001 2,989,637 97,364 24,138,729 11,951,892	$\begin{array}{r} 178\\ 398\\ 99.921\\ 15,784\\ 59,153\\ 3.547,899\\ 3.484.698\\ 63.201\\ 28,561,214\\ 14,149,667\end{array}$	184 419 113,156 68,433 4,136,088 4,084,201 51,897 33,476,148 16,596,671	$184\\448\\123,022\\19,492\\76,105\\4,693,125\\4,619,454\\73,671\\36,615,083\\18,148,898$

¹ Included in "Capital invested".